REMARKS

Claims 1-39 are pending. Claims 12-29 are allowed. Claims 1-11 and 30-39 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) as being anticipated by Hur et al. (U.S. Pat. No. 6,201,436). Claims 3 and 6-7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 112, second paragraph. Claims 1, 6, 30, 34, and 37-38 are currently amended.

Claim 3 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 112, second paragraph, for reciting the "first current limiter" is "programmable". Referring to Figure 3b, there is a first current limiter 310 as described at page 9, paragraph 33, of the instant specification. Therein, current sources I2 and I3 determine a first limit (clipping) value. Current sources I2, I3, and I4 are preferably programmable in one embodiment of the present invention. (pages 9-10, paragraph 35). Thus, the first current limiter is programmable. Thus, applicants respectfully submit that there is ample support for reciting the "first current limiter" is "programmable" and that claim 3 is, therefore, patentable under 35 U.S.C. § 112, second paragraph.

Claim 6 and depending claim 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 112, second paragraph, for reciting "the first current limiter includes a second current source and a third current source." Claim 6 is amended to recite "the first current limiter produces the first limit value in response to a second current source and a third current source." Thus, applicants respectfully submit that claims 6-7, as amended, are patentable under 35 U.S.C. § 112, second paragraph.

Independent claim 1, as amended, recites "A current generator providing an output current comprising: a first current limiter coupled between an input current and the output current, the first current limiter generating a first current having a first limit value; and a second current limiter coupled between the input current and the output current, the second current limiter generating a second current having a second limit value different than the first limit value; and a node coupled to the first current limiter and the second current limiter wherein the output current is the sum of the first current and the second current, and wherein the output current varies substantially between the first limit value and the second limit value."

Independent claim 30, as amended, recites "A method of limiting an output current, the method comprising the steps of: limiting a first current to a first limit creating a first output current; limiting a second current to a second limit different than the first limit creating a second output current; and summing the first output current and the second output current to create the output current that varies substantially between the first limit and the second limit." (emphasis added).

Hur et al. fail to disclose the foregoing emphasized limitations. Referring to Figure 1 in particular, Hur et al. disclose that current I1 and mirrored current I4 are both proportional to temperature. (col. 7, lines 19-21). Hur et al. also disclose that current I3 and mirrored current I5 are inversely proportional to temperature. (col. 7, lines 28-30). Finally, Hur et al. disclose that the summed "current Ibias1 preferably is maintained constant regardless of changes in temperature." (col. 7, lines 32-37). Hur et al. fail to disclose first and second limits or an output current that varies substantially between the first and second limits as required by claims 1-11 and 30-39. Thus, applicants respectfully submit that claims 1-11 and 30-39, as amended, are patentable under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) over Hur et al.

In view of the foregoing, applicants respectfully request reconsideration and allowance of claims 1-11 and 30-39. If the Examiner finds any issue that is unresolved, please call applicants' attorney by dialing the telephone number printed below.

Respectfully submitted,

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